

## **Question Bank for conducting the suitability test for the post of Sr.Clerk**

1. Where is the Railway Staff College located?  
a. Pune    b. Delhi    **c. Vadodara**    d. Allahabad
2. \_\_\_\_\_Zone is the largest in Indian Railways?  
a. Central Railway                      b. Northern Railway  
**c. Eastern Railway**                      d. Western Railway
3. When was the first train started in India?  
A. 1848                      **B. 1853**                      C. 1875                      D. 1880
4. Out of the Following Railway Zonal Headquarters, Identify the wrong one?  
A. South-Central Railway – Secunderabad  
**B. Central railway – Bhopal**  
C. Southern Railway – Chennai  
D. Northern Railway – New Delhi
5. The first train in Indian was started between?  
A. Calcutta to Delhi                      **B. Mumbai to Thane**  
C. Mumbai to Surat                      D. Mumbai to Madras
6. Railways get more earnings from?  
a) Coaching Earnings  
b) Other Coaching Earnings  
c) Sundry Earnings  
**d) Freight Earnings**
7. Which among the following is an interchange point of South Central Railway  
a)Ongole    b) Nellore    **c) Gudur**    d) None of the above
8. Which among the following is an interchanged point between SCR and CR  
a) Nanded    b) Aurangabad    **c) Ballarsha**    d) Kodi
9. Which among the following is an interchanged point between SCR and ECoRly  
a) Visakapatnam    b) Anakapalli                      **c) Duvvada**    d)Vijayanagaram
10. All Military movements by Rail are ordered by  
a) Railway Board                      **b) MIL RAIL**                      c) Zonal Rlys                      d) MIL ROAD

11. The headquarters of South-Central Railways is situated at ?  
a) Mumbai (V.T) b) Chennai  
**c) Secunderabad** d) Mumbai (Central)
12. In case of any derailment/unusual occurrence in the mid section, the responsibility of communicating the same immediately lies with  
a)LocoPilot b) Station Master **c)Guard** d) Controller
13. RTI Act 2005 came into force on  
**a)12 October 2005** b) 15 August 2005  
c) 15 June 2005 d) 1 November 2005
14. What is the time limit to get the information under RTI Act 2005?  
a)15 days b) 45 days c) 60 days **d) 30 days**
15. What is the fee to be paid for getting information under RTI Act  
a) Rs. 20/- b) Rs.50/-  
c) Rs.100/- **d) Rs.10/-**
16. The long title of the RTI Act seeks to promote the following qualities in the working of every public authority:  
**a) Transparency** b) Punctuality  
c) Efficiency d) Reputation
17. Appointment Committee of Central Chief Information Commissioner (CIC) includes  
a) Prime Minister b) Leader of the Opposition in the Lok Sabha  
c) One Union Cabinet Minister to be nominated by the Prime Minister  
**d) All the above**
18. Who will be the head of the Construction organization?  
a) General Manager  
b) DRM of Division  
c) PCE  
**d) CAO/C**
19. Who will be the head of Operating Department?  
a) General Manager b) PCCM **c)PCOM** d)PCMM
20. Who will be the head of Railway Division?  
a) General Manager b)AGM c)ADRM **d)DRM**
21. Who will be the head of Coaching Department in PCOM's Office?  
a) CFTM **b)CPTM** c) CTPM d)CTM/G

22. Who will be looking after Goods and Freight in PCOM's office?  
 a)CPTM                    b)CTPM                    **c)CFTM**                    d) CTM/G
23. Who among the following will be looking after Operating safety in PCOM's Office?  
 a)CPTM    b)CTPM                    c)CFTM                    **d)CTM/G**
24. G&SR stands for?  
 a) Goods and service rules    b)General and Service Rules  
**c) General and Subsidiary rules**    d)Goods and station rules
25. Subsidiary rules can be altered or modified by ?  
 a) GM    b)CSO    **c)PCOM**    d)None
26. Who will be heading the planning activity in PCOM's office?  
 a) CPTM    **b) CTPM**    c)CFTM    d)CTM/G
27. CPTM stands for?  
 a)Chief Parcel Traffic Manager  
**b)Chief Passenger Traffic Manager**  
 c)Chief Passenger and Tourism Manager  
 d) Chief Passenger and Transportation Manager
27. CFTM stands for?  
 a)Chief Freight Transportation Manager  
**b)Chief Freight Traffic Manager**  
 c)Chief Freight and Tourism Manager  
 d) Chief Freight Manager
28. CTPM stands for?  
 a) Chief Traffic and parcel Manager  
**b) Chief Traffic Passenger Manager**  
 c)Chief Traffic Planning Manager  
 d) Chief Transportation Planning Manager
27. CTM/G stands for?  
 a)Chief Traffic Manager/Goods  
**b)Chief Traffic Manager/General**  
 c)Chief Tourism Manager/GST  
 d) Chief Transportation Manager/General
28. FTR stands for?  
 a) Full Travel Rate    b) Foreign Travel Rate    **c)Full Tariff Rate**  
 d) Full Temporary Rate

29. COIS stands for?  
a) **Coaching Operation Information System**  
b) Central Operating Information System  
c) Coaching Operating Information System  
d) Coaching Operation International System
30. ODC stands for  
a) On hand delivery consignment  
b) Operating Dimensional Consignment  
c) **Over Dimensional Consignment**  
d) On hand due consignment
31. FOIS stands for  
a) **Freight operations information system**  
b) Freight Operating information system  
c) Foreign Operating Information System  
d) Freight on hand information system
32. POH in railway point of view stands for  
a) Permanent Overhauling b) Partial Overhauling  
c) Present Operating head d) **Periodic Overhauling**
33. The pilgrimage city 'Tirupathi' is located in which Division ?  
a) Secunderabad b) Vijayawada c) **Guntakal** d) Chennai
34. Loading target fixed for the current financial year for SCR?  
a) 120 mt b) 130 mt c) **128 mt** d) 110 mt
35. Who is the head of Vigilance Department in Railways?  
a) GM b) AGM c) **SDGM** d) CPO
36. Humsafar train services are having  
a) Fully general coaches b) **Fully air conditioned coaches**  
c) Mixed Coaches d) Only first AC Coaches
37. Anthyodaya Express train services are  
a) Fully air conditioned coaches  
b) Fully sleeper class coaches  
c) **Fully second class unreserved coaches**  
d) Mixed coaches
38. PSR in Caution Order stands for?  
a) Partial Speed Restriction b) Passenger Speed Restriction  
c) **Permanent Speed Restriction**  
d) Permanent Speed Rationalisation

39. TSR in caution order stands for?  
a) Total Speed Restriction    **b) Temporary Speed Restriction**  
c) Temporary Service Restriction  
d) Total Speed Rationalisation
40. Headquarters of Guntakal Division is ?  
a) Tirupathi    b) Gooty    c) Renugunta    **d) None of these**
41. Indian Railways Institute of Signal Engineering & Telecommunications is situated at \_\_\_\_\_.  
a) Pune    b) Lucknow    **c) Secunderabad**    d) Delhi
42. Indian Railways Institute of Mechanical & Electrical Engineering is situated at \_\_\_\_\_.  
a) Secunderabad    b) Delhi    c) Jaipur    **d) Jamalpur**
43. Indian Railways Institute of Electrical Engineering is situated at \_\_\_\_\_.  
a) New Delhi    b) Kolkatta    c) Mumbai    **d) Nasik**
44. Child Care Leave can be availed by?  
a) Male employee    **b) Female employee**    c) Both Male and Female Employee    d) Retired Employee
45. What is the maximum period of leave that can be availed in CCL(Child Care Leave) in the entire service period?  
a) 365 days    **b) 730 days**    c) 180 days    d) 240 days
46. What is the maximum spells prescribed in a year for availing CCL(Child Care Leave)  
a) Two spells    **b) Three Spells**    c) Four Spells  
d) No spells are prescribed
47. CCL cannot be granted for less than \_\_\_\_\_ days  
a) 30    b) 60    c) 90    **d) 15**
48. In a year \_\_\_\_\_ days of CL is entitled to an employee appointed in an administrative office  
a) 10    **b) 8**    c) 12    d) 15
49. PRS stands for ?  
**a) Passenger Reservation System**  
b) Parcel Reservation System  
c) Partial Reservation System  
d) Permanent Reservation System

50. PNR Stands for?  
a) Passengers Negotiable Record  
**b) Passenger Numeric Record**  
c) Passenger Not Reported  
d) Permanent Numeric Record
51. UTS stands for ?  
a) Unreserved Tatkal system **b) Unreserved Ticketing System**  
c) Unreserved Transfer system d) Unreserved Ticket Service
52. Diesel Loco Workshop is located at?  
a) Chittranjan **b) Varanasi** c) Kapurthala d) Tambaram
53. LDCE stands for ?  
a) Lower Departmental Competitive Exam  
**b) Limited Departmental Competitive Exam**  
c) Limited Divisional Competitive Exam  
d) Limited Department Compassionate Ground Exam
54. RDSO stands for  
**a) Research Designs and Standard Organisation**  
b) Research Development and standard Organisation  
c) Rail Development Safety Organisation  
d) Railway Dedicated Service Organisation
55. RVNL stands for  
a) Railway Vikas Nirman Limited  
b) Railway Vikas Nitiaayog Limited  
**c) Rail Vikas Nigam Limited**  
d) Railway Voluntary Nirman Limited
56. Karpurthala Rail workshop is located at?  
**a) Punjab** b) West Bengal c) Madhya Pradesh d) Orissa
57. IRISET stands for  
a) Indian Railway Institute of Special Engineering Training  
**b) Indian Railway Institute of Signalling and Telecommunication Engineering**  
c) Indian Railway Institute of Security and Engineering Training.  
d) Indian Railway Institute of Safety and Electrical Training.
58. Number of Zones in Indian Railway are ?  
a) 15 b) 16 c) 17 **d) 18**
59. The longest platforms on Indian Railways is at ?  
a) Bhubaneswar b) Secunderabad **c) Kharagpur** d) Kolkatta

60. Indian Railways are liable to pay compensation to Rail passengers against death or injury in train accidents as defined in Railway act under section  
a)120                      b)124                      c)72                      d)93
61. Productivity Linked Bonus in Railways will be paid to  
a)All employees    b)Only to Officers    c)Group D only  
d) Group C & D
62. e-office is meant for  
a) Sending Line Program of Officers for approval  
b) Sending Financial implication files  
c) Sending all files through electronic office eliminating paper work  
d) Sending unimportant files through electronic office
63. Who among the following are not freight customers?  
a) Cement companies    b) Coal companies    c) Fertilizer companies  
d) VPU Lease holders
64. Which among the following commodity contributes maximum revenue to railway?  
a) Cement    b) Coal    c) Fertilizer    d) Iron
65. CC in wagon point of view stands for  
a) Coaching Capacity    b) Capacity of Coach  
c) Carrying Capacity    d) Capacity of carrying
66. HPC in wagon point of view stands for  
a) Higher percentage carrying capacity  
b) Higher position carrying capacity  
c) Higher permissible carrying capacity  
d) Higher practical carrying capacity
67. Railways earnings are mostly from  
a) Passengers    b) Parcels    c) Goods    d) Catering
68. DFC stands for  
a)Dedicated Finance Corridor    b)Dedicated Force Corridor  
c)Dedicated Freight Corridor    d)Dedicated Flexible Corridor
69. IRCTC stands for  
a) Indian Roads Creating Technical Corporation  
b) Indian Railway Coaching and Travel Corporation  
c) Indian Railway Catering and Travel Corporation  
d) Indian Railways Catering and Tourism Corporation

70. SECR stands for  
a) South East Coast Railway    b) Southern East Central Railway  
c) Southern East Coast Railway    d) South East Central Railway
71. NWR stands for  
a) North West Railway    b) North Western Railway  
c) Northern West Railway    d) North Wide Railway
72. The Head Quarters of North Western Railway is  
a) New Delhi    b) Jaipur    c) Chandigarh    d) Kolkatta
73. The Headquarters of South East Central Railway is  
a) Bilaspur    b) Jaipur    c) Kolkatta    d) Secunderabad
74. The Headquarters of Northern Railways is  
a) Jaipur    b) Orissa    c) New Delhi    d) Chennai
75. Headquarters of East Coast Railways is  
a) Vishakapatnam    b) Kurada Road    c) Bhubaneswar    d) Kolkatta
76. CRS stands for  
a) Computer Reservation System  
b) Commissioner of Railway Safety  
c) Complete Reservation System  
d) Commissioner Road Safety
77. PT schedule stands for  
a) Passenger Tourism Schedule  
b) Preferential Tourism Schedule  
c) Preferential Traffic Schedule  
d) Passenger Traffic Schedule
78. CRS Works under the ministry of ?  
a) Ministry of Roadways    b) Ministry of Railways  
c) Ministry of Civil aviation    d) Ministry of Defense
79. RPF stands for?  
a) Reserve Police Force    b) Railway Police Force  
c) Road Protection Force    d) Railway Protection Force
80. Who is the head of Personnel Department in Railways ?  
a) CPO/Admin    b) CPO/IT    c) PCPO    d) GM



81. RAC stands for ?  
a) Reservation Against Confirmed Ticket  
**b) Reservation Against Cancellation**  
c) Reservation And Cancellation  
d) Rail Automatic Cancellation
82. NTPC in railway point of view stands for ?  
a) National Thermal Power Corporation  
**b) Non Technical Popular Categories**  
c) National Technical Power Corporation  
d) National Transport and Power Corporation
83. RRC Stands for ?  
a) Railway Recruitment Corporation  
b) Railway Regional Corporation  
**c) Railway Recruitment Cell**  
d) Rail Road Corporation
84. Number of Divisions in SCR as on date?  
**a) 6**            b) 4            c) 3            d) 5
85. ODC in railways are classified into \_\_\_\_\_ categories  
a) B C D            b) C D E            c) D E F            **d) A B C**
86. What is the carrying capacity of BCN wagon?  
a) 55.5 tonnes    **b) 58 tonnes**    c) 60 tonnes  
d) 62.5 tonnes
87. BCN is a \_\_\_\_\_  
a) Bogie covered four wheeler wagon  
b) Bogie covered 8 wheeler wagon  
**c) Bogie covered 6 wheeler wagon**  
d) Bogie covered 10 wheeler wagon
88. RMC stands for  
a) Railway Material Consumption  
b) Railway Mixed Consignment  
**c) Railway Material Consignment**  
d) Road Management Corporation
89. Sick Certificate upto three days can be given by  
a) Employee himself  
**b) Private Doctor**  
c) Railway Doctor  
d) Both B & C

90. Railway Time table is published  
a) Six Monthly  
b) Bi annually  
c) **Annually**  
d) As and when required
91. Pit line is meant for  
a) Stabling empty rakes  
b) **Attending the Maintenance of coaches**  
c) Receiving Express Trains  
d) Stabling Sick Coaches
92. ROH in Railway Good Wagon Point of view  
a) Railway Over Hauling    b) **Routine overhauling**  
c) Railway Over Haulage    d) Railway Open Haulage
93. Who among the following is the head of Indian Railways  
a) General Manager    b) Member Engineering  
c) Member Traffic    d) **CRB**
94. CRIS stands for  
a) Center for Railway integrated system  
b) **Center for Railway information system**  
c) Center for Railway intimation system  
d) Center for Railway interactive system
95. ICMS stands for  
a) **Integrated Coaching Management System**  
b) Integrated Class Management System  
c) International Coach management system  
d) Individual Coach Management system
96. ARMV stands for  
a) Automatic Rail Medical Van  
b) **Accident Relief Medical Van**  
c) Accident Rail Medical Van  
d) Accident Road Medical Van
97. ART stands for  
a) Automatic Rail Train    b) Automatic Rail Track  
c) **Accident Relief Train**    d) Accident rectification train
98. ASM Stands for  
a) Assistant Section Master  
b) Assistant Section Manager  
c) **Assistant Station Master**  
d) Additional Station Master

99. Integral Coach Factory is Located at  
a) Varanasi                      b) Chennai                      c) Chittaranjan  
d) **Perambur**
100. ZRTI Stands for  
a) **Zonal Railway Training Institute**  
b) Zonal Railway Traffic Institute  
c) Zonal Railway Teachers Institute  
d) Zonal Road Training Institute
101. SPAD in Railway safety point of view stands for  
a) Station passing at Danger  
b) **Signal Passing at Danger**  
c) Signal Passing at Double Line  
d) Signal protection at Double Line
102. SWR stands for  
a) Station working Register  
b) **Station Working Rules**  
c) Station Wages Rules  
d) Station Wagon Register
103. ACP stands for  
a) Alarm Coach Pulling    b) Automatic Chain Pulling  
c) **Alarm Chain Pulling**    d) Automatic Coach Pulling
104. What are the office timings in SCR headquarters  
a) **9.15 to 17.45**                      b) 9.00 to 18.00    c) 9.30 to 18.30  
d) 9.45 to 18.00
105. What is the scheduled lunch time in SCR headquarters  
a) 1.15 PM to 1.45 PM    b) **1.00PM to 1.30PM**  
c) 1.30PM to 2.00PM      d) 12.45 PM to 1.15 PM
106. What is the grace period given to sign in the muster without any late mark  
a) 5 min    b) **10 min**    c) 15 min    d) 30 min
107. Half day CL will be deducted for  
a) Signing two times in late muster  
b) **Signing three times in late muster**  
c) Signing four times in late muster  
d) Signing one times in late muster
108. No. of Restricted Holidays that can be availed by an employee in a calendar year?  
a) 1    b) **2**                      c) 3                      d) 4

109. DAR stands for  
a) Direct Appeal Rules b)Discipline and Rules  
c)Discipline Amendment Rule d)Discipline and appeal rules
110. Pension is not entitled to employees who have joined service on or after  
a)2004 b)2005 c)2006 d)2007
111. 1A on the PRS ticket indicates  
a)First Class Ticket b)First Class AC Two Tier  
c) First AC d) Executive Chair Car
112. 2S on the PRS ticket indicates  
a) Second Sleeper Class  
b) Second class seat(Unreserved)  
c) Second class seat (Reserved)  
d) Second AC sleeper
113. Railway security helpline provided by passengers to report unsavory situation during the course of journey is  
a)182 b)139 c)131 d)420
114. ATVM stands for  
a)Automatic Teller Machine  
b)Automatic Toys Vending Machine  
c)Automatic through Vending Machine  
d)Automatic Ticket Vending Machine
115. What is the Railway enquiry number for knowing the current status of the PNR  
a)131 b)139 c)182 d)None of the above
116. Any Male of \_\_\_\_\_ years and above is eligible for senior Citizen Concession  
a)65 b) 58 c) 60 d)62
117. Any female of \_\_\_\_\_ years and above is eligible for senior Citizen Concession  
a)65 b)58 c)60 d)55
118. Who among the following ticket holders cannot board unreserved coach?  
a) PRS waitlisted ticket holder  
b) General Ticket Holder  
c) PRS reserved ticket holder  
d) E-ticket waiting list holder

119. Minimum penalty prescribed for ticketless travel?  
 a)Rs 500      **b)Rs 250**      c)Rs 1000      d)Rs 100
120. How many days in advance rail tickets reservation can be Made (Excluding the day of journey)?  
 a) 60 days before the date of journey  
 b) 80 days before the date of journey  
 c) 90 days before the date of journey  
**d) 120 days before the date of journey**
121. The dealing clerk will check the enclosures of the dak received and if any is found missing, initiate action to \_\_\_\_\_  
**a) Obtain them**      b) return the letter      c) ignore them  
 d) none of these
122. The notes or correspondence portion of the file is said to have been become bulky, if it exceeds \_\_\_\_\_ folios.  
 a)250      **b) 300**      c) 200      d) 350
123. An officer will append his full signature on \_\_\_\_\_ side of the note with designation and date.  
 a) Above the note      **b) Right side**      c) Left side      d) In centre
124. The movement of the files shall be entered in the \_\_\_\_\_ register  
 a) Stock register      **b) file movement register**      c) dak register  
 d) none
125. No files will be issued to other sections except against \_\_\_\_\_  
 a)Instructions of supervisor      b) Instructions of Officer      **c) Written requisition**  
 d) On request by the staff of other section.
126. All dak receipts submitted to officers will move in pads conspicuously labelled as \_\_\_\_\_  
 a)Tappal      b) Letters      **c) Dak Pad**      d) Receipts
127. The dealing hand will append his full signature with date on the \_\_\_\_\_ his note  
**a)Left below**      b) Right below      c) Centre      d) None
128. Ephemeral (Temporary) files are destroyed as soon as they are \_\_\_\_\_ old  
 a)Two years      b) Four years      c) Three years  
**d) One year**
129. Records are classified into \_\_\_\_\_ types  
 a)4      b) 5      **c) 3**      d) 2

130. Official Records are classified as  
**a) A, B & C class**    b) B, C & D class    c) a, b, & c class  
 d) b, c, & d class
131. Maximum accumulation of LAP is \_\_\_\_\_  
 a) 350    b) 400    c) 250    **d) 300**
132. LAP is an advance credit at the rate of \_\_\_\_\_ days for every half year  
 a) 20    **b) 15**    c) 10    d) 25
133. The maximum days of LAP can be availed at a time is \_\_\_\_\_  
**a) 180**    b) 200    c) 20    d) 300
134. The eligibility of CL for office staff is \_\_\_\_\_  
 a) 10    b) 11    **c) 8**    d) 12
135. LHAP is an advance credit at the rate of \_\_\_\_\_ days for every half year  
 a) 15    **b) 10**    c) 5    d) 20
136. Maternity leave for female Railway employee is eligible for \_\_\_\_\_  
 days  
 a) 135    b) 120    **c) 180**    d) 150
137. Paternity leave for male Railway employees will be lapsed after  
 \_\_\_\_\_ months of the delivery of his wife  
 a) 12 months    **b) 6 months**    c) 9 months  
 d) 3 months
138. Paternity leave for male Railway employee is eligible for \_\_\_\_\_  
 days.  
 a) 5    b) 10    **c) 15**    d) 20
139. LHAP can be converted into half the period of such leave on an average  
 pay on medical grounds is called \_\_\_\_\_  
 a) Sick Leave    b) Rest Leave    c) Hospital leave  
**d) Commuted leave**
140. 'Leave not due' during the entire service shall be limited to maximum of  
 \_\_\_\_\_ days on medical certificate.  
 a) 180    b) 120    **c) 360**    d) 300
141. For miscarriage, including abortion, what period of Maternity leave may  
 be granted?  
 a) 6 weeks    **b) 45 days**    c) 7 weeks    d) 30 days
142. LAP shall be credited to a Railway servant at the rate of  
**a) 2 ½ days per month**    b) 3 days per month  
 c) 2 days per month    d) 1 ½ day per month

143. How many days of LAP in a calendar year a permanent/temporary Railway employee shall be entitled to get?  
a) 20 days                      b) 15 days    **c) 30 days**    d) 45 days
144. How many days of LHAP can be accumulated to an employee in his service life?  
a) 300 days                      b) 450 days                      c) 600 days    **d) Unlimited**
145. Up to what limit, Maternity leave may be combined with any kind of leave?  
**a) One year**                      b) Two years                      c) Unlimited  
d) Six months
146. Maximum number of dependents can be included in a pass / PTO is  
**a) 2**                      b) 3                      c) 1                      d) 4
147. Non-Gazetted employees with service less than 20 years are eligible for \_\_\_\_\_ set of post retirement complimentary passes every year.  
a) 2                      b) 1                      c) 3                      **d) NIL**
148. Employee upto 5 years of initial service is eligible for \_\_\_\_\_ sets of Privilege passes in a calendar year.  
a) 3                      b) 4                      **c) 1**                      d) 2
149. Employee after completion of 5 years of service is eligible for \_\_\_\_\_ sets of Privilege passes.  
**a) 3**                      b) 4                      c) 6                      d) 5
150. Abbreviation of P.T.O is:  
a) Personnel Ticket Order    b) Permanent Ticket Order  
**c) Privilege Ticket Order**    d) Pass & Ticket Order
151. Attendants of Pass Holder is  
a) Part time servant                      b) Servant  
**c) Full time paid servant**    d) Any person
152. When higher class pass can be issued:  
a) On Scouts & Guide                      b) On sports  
**c) On Medical grounds**    d) Cultural functions
153. How many sets of P.T.O are issued to the Railway Employee?  
a) 6 sets both for Gazetted and Non-Gazetted every year  
b) 4 sets both for Gazetted and Non-Gazetted every year  
c) 3 sets both for Gazetted and Non-Gazetted every year  
**d) 6 sets for Gazetted and 4 sets for Non-Gazetted every year**

154. What is Pass?  
 a) Pass is a Privilege  
 b) To authority to travel in Railway  
**c) An authority given by Railway to a Railway employee or to a person authorizing him to travel in a train gratuitously.**  
 d) None of the above
155. Break journey is not permissible in case of  
 a) Transfer Pass                      b) School Pass  
**c) Settlement pass**                      d) Post retirement complimentary pass
156. Penalty for loss of 2<sup>nd</sup> class privilege pass is  
 a) Rs.25/-                      b) Rs.20/-                      **c) Rs.5/-**                      d) Rs.10/-
157. How much minimum service is required for Post Retired Complimentary Pass.  
**a) 20 yrs**                      b) 10 yrs                      c) 15 yrs                      d) 25 yrs
158. Issue of Privilege Pass/P.T.Os are admissible when a staff is on  
 a) Only Study Leave                      b) Only on LAP  
 c) Only on LC                      **d) Any kind of leave**
159. Penalty for loss of 1<sup>st</sup> Class Privilege Pass is  
 a) Rs.35/-                      b) Rs.30/-                      **c) Rs.10/-**                      d) Rs.20/-
160. How many break journeys are admissible in Privilege Pass?  
 a) 6 no's    b) 7 no's    c) no break journeys    **d) Any number (En-route)**
161. What is the standard form used for issuance of Major Penalty Charge Sheet on D&AR proceedings?  
 a) **SF-5**    b) SF-11    c) SF-10    d) None of these
162. What is the standard form used for issuance of Minor Penalty Charge Sheet on D&AR proceedings?  
 a) SF-5    **b) SF-11**    c) SF-10    d) None of these
163. A Railway employee under suspension is entitled to  
 a) Dearness Allowance                      b) HRA                      **c) Subsistence Allowance**  
 d) none
164. Censure is a  
 a) Major Penalty    **b) Minor Penalty**    c) not a penalty    d) none of these
165. Which penalty is not recorded in the Service Register  
 a) Stoppage of increment    b) Stoppage of pass    **c) Warning**  
 d) Censure



166. What is the permissible time limit for preferring a revision petition to the revising authority  
a) 60 days    **b) 45 days**    c) 90 days    d) none
167. Which authority can impose cut in Pensionary benefit  
a) GM    b) Railway Board    **c) President of India**    d) PHOD
168. What is Rule – 6 of RS(DA&A) Rules 1968  
**a) All Penalties**    b) Removal    c) Dismissal    d) Compulsory Retirement
169. After retirement a charge sheet can be issued only by the  
a) **President of India**    b) Railway Board    c) GM  
d) None
170. RS(D&A) Rules came into force w.e.f  
a) **1-10-1968**    b) 1-01-1968    c) 22-08-1968  
d) None
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